Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor.

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* *EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.*

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Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at **$1 50 per square** for three insertions, and **50 cents per square** for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably **10 cents a line** for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

NO SEAT IN HEAVEN.

Talking of sects till late one eve,
Of the various doctrines the saints believe,
That night I stood in a troubled dream,
By the side of a darkly flowing stream.

And a "Churchman" down to the river came,
When I heard a strange voice call his name,
"Good father, stop when you cross this tide,
You must leave your robes on the other side."

But the aged father did not mind,
And his long gown floated out behind,
As down the stream his way he took,
His pale hand clasping a gilt-edged book.

"I'm bound for heaven, and when I'm there;
I shall want my book of common prayer;
And though I put on a starry crown,
I should feel quite lost without my gown."

Then he fixed his eye on the shining track,
But his gown was heavy and held him back,
And the poor old father tried in vain,
A single step in the flood to gain.

I saw him again on the other side,
But his silk gown floated upon the tide;
And no one asked, in that blissful spot,
If he belonged to "the Church" or not.

Then down to the river a Quaker strayed,
His dress of a silver hue was made;
"My coat and hat must all be gray,
I cannot go any other way."

Then he button'd his coat straight up to his chin,
And straightly, solemnly waded in,
And his broad-brimm'd hat he pulled down tight
Over his forehead, so cold and white.

But a strong wind carried away his hat,
A moment he silently sighed over that,
And then as he gazed to the farther shore,
The coat slipp'd off, and was seen no more.

As he enter'd heaven his suit of gray
Went quietly sailing—away—away,
And none of the angels questioned him,
About the width of his beaver's brim.

Next came Dr. Watts with a bundle of psalms,
Tied nicely up in his aged arms,
And hymns as many a very nice thing,
That the people in heaven all round might sing.

But I thought that he heaved an anxious sigh,
As he saw that the river ran broad and high,
And look'd rather surprised as one by one,
The psalms and hymns in the wave went down.

And after him, with his MSS,
Came Wesley, the pattern of selfishness,
But he cried, "Dear me, what shall I do?
The water has soaked them through and through,"

And then on the river, far and wide,
Away they went down the swollen tide,
And the saint astonished pass'd through alone,
Without manuscripts up to the throne.

Then gravely walking two saints by name,
Down to the stream together came,
But as they stopp'd at the river's brink,
I saw one saint from the other shrink,

"Sprinkled or plunged, may I ask you friend,
How you attain'd to life's great end?"
"*Thus*, with a few drops on my brow,"
"But I have been dipp'd as you'll see me now.

"And I really think it will hardly do,
As I'm 'close communion' to cross with you;
You're bound, I know, to the realms of bliss,
But you must go that way, and I'll go this."

Then straight away plunging with all his might,
Away to the left, his friend to the right,
Apart they went from this world of sin
But at last together they enter'd in.

And now when the river was rolling on,
A Presbyterian church went down;
Of women there seem'd a wondrous throng,
But the men I could count as they pass'd along.

And concerning the road, they could never agree,
The *old* or the *new* way, which it should be,
Nor ever a moment paused to think
That both would lead to the river's brink.

And a sound of murmuring, long and loud,
Came ever up from the moving crowd,
"You're in the old way, and I'm in the new,
This is the false, and that is the true."

But the *brethren* only seem'd to speak,
Modest the sisters walk'd, and meek,
And if ever one chanced to say,
What troubles she met with on the way,
How she long'd to pass to the other side,
Nor fear'd to cross over the swelling tide.

A voice arose from the brethren then,
"Let no one speak but the 'holy men,'
For have ye not heard the words of Paul,
'Oh, let the women keep silence all,'"

I watch'd them long in my curious dream,
Till they stood by the borders of the stream,
Then, just as I thought, the two ways met,
But all the brethren were talking yet,
And would talk on, till the heavy tide,
Carried them on side by side.
Side by side, for the way was one,
The toilsome journey of life was done
And Priest and Quaker, and all who died,
Came out alike on the other side.

No forms, "or crosses," or books had they,
Nor gowns of silk, nor suits of gray,
No creeds to guide them nor MSS,
For all had put on Christ's righteousness.

THE following story is illustrative of the language of Scotland, and affords an example of the prominence said to be given to vowels in Scotch discourse. The dialogue is between a shopman and a customer, and the conversation relates to a plaid hanging at the shop door:—*Customer* (inquiring the material): "A' oo?" (wool?) *Shopman*: "Ay, oo" (yes, wool); *Customer*: "A' oo?" (all wool?) *Shopman*: Ay, a' oo', (yes, all wool). *Customer*: "A' as oo?" (all same wool?) *Shopman*: "Ay, a' as oo" (yes, all the same wool).

BEECHER justifies "Norwood" by claiming that the New Testament parables are novelties.

Select Reading.

THE DEVIL'S HALF-ACRE.

Across the whole length of New Jersey, extends a plain of broken yet partially connected mountains, called the "Blue Ridge," a branch of the Alleghenies. Through the county of Somerset runs a lateral spur of rocky and isolated hills, covered for the most part with a sparse gowth of chesnut, oak, and stunted cedars.

On the very top of one of the largest of these, called "Shannock Mountain," is a large space covering nearly three acres, barren of a tree, or shrub, the surface of which appears to be formed of a single rough stone. 'Tis called the "Devil's Half-Acre." Near the centre is a ragged opening or pit, about 20 feet in diameter, which appears to penetrate into the very bowels of the earth. It has been sounded to the depth of a thousand feet, and no indication of bottom found. A stone thown into "the well," as it is called, can be heard rattling for a long time against the rugged sides, until, with a terrible and unearthly reverberation, it plunges in the water. A noise like that of a seething cauldron is heard, and soon there issues from the mouth of the pit a column of damp vapor, possessing an uncommon foetid smell. The vapor is somewhat inflammable, and that fact proves the presence of carburetted hydrogen gas, or what is called by miners "fire damp." Although at a distance of three hundred feet from the surface, it has been proved by experiments with quadrupeds that life can be sustained.

The incident I am about to relate, occured some time after the passage of General Washington, with his army, across New Jersey in the spring of 1777.

The infamous cruelties of the marauding parties of British soldiers had awakened every feeling of resentment and aroused in every bosom an impiacable hatred, which only the extermination of the inhuman monster could allay.

Taking the advantage of the absence of their natural protectors, a party of demi-brutes, under the command of Capt. Smith, had committed outrages upon the unprotected females which would shame the very name of man.

Every able bodied man, and many who were scarcely able, had flocked to the standard of Washington, and had gone to accompany him in his victorious expedition, leaving their wives and daughters, their homes and property, to the protection of aged men and boys.

At length a cowardly assault upon a family, composed of an aged widow, and her three lovely daughters, who after being cruelly outraged by the brutal soldiers, were beaten nearly to death—and the old woman thrown into the "Well" of the "Devil's Half-Acre," so exasperated the young men, that they resolved upon vengeance.

A secret meeting was held, and they resolved to meet the next evening at the foot of the ridge, to punish the cowards, who were encamped, in fancied security, about a quarter of a mile from the scene of outrage. The greater part of the day was spent in moulding bullets, and preparing their weapons, which being accomplished, they waited with feverish anxiety the appointed hour.

'Twas a lovely eve, such a one as we rarely see in our too changeable climate. The sun, bathed in a halo of golden light, slowly decended behind the towering steep of Shannock. The bright stars looked down from the pure ether with a seemingly encouraging smile upon the band of youthful heroes, who had silently gathered in a corps at the base of the mount. Each moment some brave boy noiselessly approached, with his rifle upon his shoulder, and, with a simple nod of recognition, take his place and quietly await the order of the person who was to be their leader.

The one chosen to command them, was a sturdy youth of about 18 years of age, strongly built, and very athletic; he carried a long rifle, and was clad in a plain rustic suit of homespun. His quick movements and hurriedly whispered instructions, showed that he felt the importance and understood the danger of the attempt they were about to make; and the fire that flashed from his dark eye, proved that he was equal to the emergency.

At length the party, numbering fifteen, were all assembled; the ages of none exceeded eighteen, while the majority were still younger. The order to march was given, and the young band followed their leadar in profound silence.

'Twas a noble sight! those brave young spirits setting out to avenge the wrongs of their mothers and sisters, at the risk of their own lives, and against fearful odds of numbers and experience but stern resolve sat upon every breast and firmly beat each heart. Soon they approached the spot where lay encamped the objects of their hatred; the British number twenty, and were all wrapt in profound slumber. Slowly and stealthily they neared the enemy, their hearts beat violently as they saw them in their power—but not a word escaped their lips—their calculations had been well made and they continued to advance cautiously until they were within about thirty feet of the red coats, when a gesture from their leader brought them to a stand. Each boy singled out his man the command was given in a low tone and the sharp report of fifteen rifles broke upon the stillness of the night, and re-echoed along the hills and crags of Shannock. Instantly, under cover of the smoke, they rushed in upon the survivors, and pinioned them ere they could recover from the sudden surprise. The aim of the boys had been full true—fifteen soldiers (among them Capt. Smith) lay weltering in their blood, groaning and mingling curses and execrations with their departing breath.

The five prisoners, securely bound were marched at once to the copse from which the youthful band had set out; there a consutation was held to determine their fate.

Some who had individual wrongs to avenge, desired to hang them at once upon the nearest tree. Others, more lenient, wish to allow them a soldier's death. Many and various were the opinions and methods proposed—but they all agreed to be guided by the decision of their leader, Dan Lount.

During the whole affair Dan had scarcely spoken, except to give the necessary commands and now, when appealed to to decide the fate of the prisoners, he merely said—"*To the Devil's Half-Acre.*"

A responsive "aye," burst simultaneously from all, and in a few minutes they stood near the mouth of "the well."

"In with them," cried the excited boys, "here they buried the Widow Gale and old Pomp! In with them," and in spite of the desperate struggles of the captives, they were already upon the very edge of the yawning pit, when their leader exclaimed "hold!"

"Not yet boys," said Dan. "I wish to say a few words before you throw them;" and when the prisoners had been led back he continued in a voice trembling with emotion:—

You knew the Widow Gale—you knew her lovely daughters; blithesome amiable, light-hearted, happy girls. You know them, but not as I do; you love them but not as well as I. The eldest is my affianced bride! Before you, you see the guilty perpetrators. Look at them—are they fit to live?"

"No! No!" exclaimed each and every one.

"Then, my friends, *they are not fit to die!* we have already spilled blood enough for one night, and the death of these men will not repair the wrongs already committed. What say you? Will it not be nobler far to spare their lives? Let us leave further vengeance to the laws, or to Him who hath said, 'Vengeance is Mine!' Fifteen have already forfeited their lives; may we not spare the five?"

Though every heart was still burning for revenge, the example shown by poor Dan, who had suffered more than any present, softened their hearts, and they allowed themselves to be persuaded.

The prisoners were led down the mountain side, and the next morning taken to Sommerville, and delivered to a company of Continentals who were stationed there.

The actors in this scene have all long since passed to that "that bourne from whence no traveler returns," but the recollections of Daniel Lount and his matronly wife are still fresh in the memory of the writer,

Congress and Suffrage.

"Veteran Observer" is discussing this question, starting out with the broad denial that Congress has every right to treat suffrage within the States. He says:

"There is not in the Constitution a particle of power, direct, or indirect, which gives Congress the least right over the question of suffrage, except in the Territories. What then has induced any one to imagine such a thing. I cannot conceive, except it may be this: During the war Congress, and the President also, were obliged to and did exercise various extraordinary powers—but, with perhaps a very little exception—just and legitimate powers. They were clearly granted under the power of Congress to declare war, and take all necessary means to prosecute it; and of the President to command the army and navy, and use them to prosecute war and enforce the laws. This power has no limits but that of necessity, and although some extra Constitutional acts were done, they were acts necessary to those which were constitutional. It is not strange that those not familiar with the Constitution should not see clearly the distinction between the power of Government granted for war and those granted only for peace."

Plot to Assassinate the Pope.

A Naples letter to the London *Times*, dated October 10th, says: Two or three days since, something like an attempt was meditated against the life of the Pope. A man was arrested under the colonnade of St. Peter's, at the moment the Pope was about to go out for a drive. He had a pistol concealed under his clothes, but what his intentions were is not as yet precisely known.

CALICO dress parties are now the rage in the rural districts. The idea is to correct the extravagance in wardrobes, which has been carried to such extremes by the ladies of American. It is excellent and should succeed.

SOME of Josh Billings's ideas are truly poetical, for instance. "The Sun was a goin' to bed, and all the Ilevins was a bloshin' at the performants."

Original.

For the REPUBLICAN.

AGRICULTURAL.

The annual meetings, greetings, or re-unions of our citizens at their Agricultural Fairs, are now past, and the time for retrospection, for discussion, for suggestions, for investigating ideas, has come, and for improving on the Fairs and affairs of the past. Those yearly harvest-homes, where the eyes of the gay and festive throng, are feasted on the enterprise, the ingenuity and untiring energy of those scions of improvement, who have imbibed and still believe in the spirit of creative genius as one of the distinguishing features of christian civilization. There are those, however, who object to these annual gatherings, as of no practical benefit—saying they are only used as a means of private speculation, and not as they profess, for the improvement of agriculture. These charges may, or may not be true, as applied to the different gatherings under the spacious name of Agricultural Societies. I can speak for but one—the G. C. A. Society, held at Carmichaels,—which, according to the certified accounts, have paid out in premiums within the last two years, over three hundred dollars more than their receipts, so there can be no room for such charges here. But that their efficiency has been largely curtailed, by the stolidity of effete ideas, I shall not attempt to deny—for whenever a community becomes so attached to one set of ideas as to reject all others, they at once set bounds to their efficiency and destroy at once their power to do good. Never having been an advocate of obsolete ideas, I cannot now do homage to the fossilized remains of any pet notions, however antiquated, unless they mean improvement. Forward, onward, investigate, improve *Radical*, if you please, is the word.

Why cannot the world be said to move in Greene county, as well as elsewhere. I am now and hope ever shall be, an advocate of liberal ideas to all the world. But a man, or a community cannot support great and long continued improvements at their own expense. Hence the great error of this society in not renumerating its managers, and officers for properly attending to its business, another great lever of usefulness is left entirely unnoticed, because no one cares to devote the necessary time and money to this means of public improvement; (*i. e.*) the procuring of new, rare, useful and ornamental, plants, shrubs, flowers, herbs, fruits, etc, for distribution among the farmers, gardners, florists and others. Why not have communication with the, great Agricultural and Horticultural centres, of our country, procure those seeds and have some tangible form or system of distributing them, requiring those who get them, to place the products on exhibition, and contribute their experience for publication so that by the attrition of mind with mind or matter either, the Agricultural community may be made alive to their real interests. When this is the case then will our farmers be cut loose from their old time moorings, and directed by the compass of experience the lamp of science with her hand-maid of art, will bless the tiller of the soil, cheer the artisan in his toil, and comfort the philanthropist in his labor of love.

G. W. D.

HAD THE SYMPTOMS, BUT NOT THE DISEASE.—The Zanesville *Gazette* tells the following good one of Lute Taylor, of the Prescott *Journal:*

Last winter, Lute was travelling in the stage with a party of gentlemen, among whom was a noted Democratic politician from Minnesota, now a candidate for a State office. The day was intensely cold, and the company were obliged to stop occasionally to warm up. Halting at a little inn by the roadside the democrat invited Lute up to take a drink of whisky, to which he readily assented, and as Lute was both dry and cold, he turned out a pretty stiff "horn," swallowed it instanter and repaired at once to the stove to thaw out. Lute's free and easy style suited the democrat to a dot, and after freely imbibing himself, he walked up to Lute and said: "I'll bet any man ten dollars that you are a good democrat."

As Lute is an awful radical, this touched his pride, and he replied in his usual stammering style: "I a-advise you n-not to bet more m-m-money than you wish to lose. I acknowledge I h-h-have all the symptoms, but not the d-d-disease."

Two men in Vermont went to law about a sheep worth five dollars. The one who recovered damages to the amount of $118,46 had to pay lawyers' fees amounting to $250.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

In conformity with a recent custom, that may now be regarded as established by national consent and approval, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to my fellow-citizens that Thursday, the 28th day of November next, be set apart and observed throughout the republic as a day of national thanksgiving and praise to the Almighty Ruler of Nations, with whom are dominion and power, and who maketh peace in His high places. Resting and refraining from secular labors on that day, let us reverently and devoutly give thanks to our Heavenly Father for the mercies and blessings with which He has crowned the now closing year. Especially let us remember that He has favored our land with greatly needed and very abundant harvests, that He has caused industry to prosper not only in our fields, but also in our workshops, in our mines and in our forests. He has permitted us to multiply ships upon our lakes and rivers, and upon the high seas, and at the same time to extend our iron roads so far into the secluded places of the continent, and to guaranty speedy overland intercourse between the two oceans. He has inclined our hearts to turn away from domestic contentions and commotions consequent upon a distracting and desolating civil war, and to walk more and more in the ancient ways of loyalty, conciliation and brotherly love. He has blessed the peaceful efforts with which we have established new and important commercial treaties with foreign nations, while we have at the same time strengthened our national defences and greatly enlarged our national borders.

While thus rendering the unanimous and heartfelt tribute of national praise and thanksgiving, which is so justly due to Almighty God, let us not fail to implore Him that the same divine protection and care which we have hitherto so undeservedly and yet so constantly enjoyed, may be continued to our country and our people throughout all their generations forever.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 26th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1867, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-second.

By the President— A. JOHNSON.
WM. H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

KILLED AT THE POLLS.

The Virginia papers have much to say in regard to the reported disorder of the colored people at the polls, but the only affray having serious consequence was between whites, and commenced by a Democrat. The following account of it is given by the Richmond *Dispatch:*

Mr. Fletcher, of Fauquier was a Confederate conscript, who deserted and joined the Federal army. Before the war closed he returned to Fauquier with the cavalry company to whihc he was attached, and acted for some time as a scout and guide to the Union troops. In this capacity he became very obnoxious to the people of the county, and has even been threatened with lynching. On Tuesday last he went armed to the polls to deposit his ballot, and was met by several Conservative citizens, who were also armed. One of them, named Ernest Hunton, who was a soldier in Mosby's command, inquired "what right" he "a renegade, had to vote." Fletcher replied that if they wanted a fight out of him they could have it. Both parties prepared for a fight; Fletcher fired first, and Hunton was killed instantly by the shot.

Fletcher was arrested by the registering officers, and is now in prison awaiting trial. It is understood that he desires the matter to be investigated before a military commission.

"Milch."

The New York *Commercial* comes to the defence of this word, which has lately been attacked as an affected synomy for "milk." It remarks:

"When one reflects how broadcast has been the sowing of Webster's Dictionaries throughout the newspaper offices of the land in exchange for puffs therefor, it is melancholy to consider how little real service has been rendered by that distribution in alleviating the chronic ignorance of country contemporaries. "Milk" is a noun, and signifies a fluid. "Milch" is an adjective, and means the milk-giving quality. A "milch cow" is a cow in milk giving trim, as opposed to a dry cow—one not yielding milk. The word is not in as common use as formerly, but it is a necessary and proper term. It is obsolrte, in the sense that Shakspeare used it, of "soft" and "tender," but is still generally used in its agricultural sense in our rural districts.

OVERCOATS to the knees; very tight pants, like those worn thirty years ago, and silk hats with low crowns and broad brims; such are men's fashions for the coming season.

GEN. J. B. GORDON, who commanded a division in the rebel army during the late war, has written a letter to the people of Georgia, advising them to accept the terms of reconstruction offered by Congress.

Strange Vicissitude in the Life of a Nobleman.

A paper published in Decatur, Illinoise tells the following.

"Most, if not nearly all, of our citizens have noticed a dissipated vehicle somewhat resembling a circus wagon, located on a vacant lot on North Main street, in which resided an old and poverty stricken man. Some time in the Spring the wagon, propelled by a couple of attenuated horses, arrived in this city, and the old man pitched his tent in the place mentioned, where, through the charity of the owners, he has since been permitted to dwell. Here he has lived ever since, eking out an existence by the donations of our benevolent citizens, he having disposed of the horses for a small sum. Yesterday Mr. F. S. Murphey, one of our prominent lawyers, received a call from a Scotch gentleman named M'Gregor, who, after a long and weary search, had found the individual whom we have thus decribed and whom he identifies as the youngest son of the late Earl of Clanricarde, one of the wealthiest and most influential noblemen in Scotland. The story related by Mr. M'Gregor is almost marvellous in its details, and would furnish the materials for a first-class three-volume novel. Some forty years since, the poor old man who has attracted the compasion of our citizens was a dashing and stylish officer in the Life Guards; becoming enamored of a beautiful girl of humble origin, he married her in opposition to the commands of his proud father and remonstrances of his equally proud elder brother. Being disinherited and thrown upon the world, he sold his commission, and with his wife came to this country. After five years of vicissitudes upon a rugged farm in the western wilds, his wife died, and broken in spirit and sore in heart, he relinquished his claim and roamed without aim or purpose over the country. During the Mexican war he enlisted as a private soldier, and served until the close of hostilities. Since then he has been the companion of roving Indians; a deck hand on steamboats; a pedler, &c., until his arrival in this city. By the death of his elder brother, which occured about four months since, he has become the possessor of the estates to the value of £3,000 per annum. His good fortune, alas! has has come to late; prostrate in mind and feeble in body, he cannot realize, nor can he long enjoy, the princely fortune to which he has fallen heir. Yesterday evening, in care of Mr. M'Gregor, he embarked on the eastern train, on the way to his lordly mansion in Inverness, Scotland. Fortune smiled too late! his early love sleeps by *La Belle Riviere*, and he lives a poor wreck of his former self—too imbecile to heed the frowns or smiles of fortune."

THE GARRET.

Sarcastic people are wont to say that poets dwell in garrets, and simple people believe it. And others, neither sarcastic nor simple, send them aloft among the rubbish, just because they do not know what to do with them down stairs and "among people," and so they class them under the head of rubbish and consign them to that grand receptacle of dilapidated "has beens" and despised "used to be's"—the old garret.

The garret is to the other apartments of the homestead what the adverb is to the pedagogue in parsing; everything they do not know how to dispose of is consigned to the list of adverbs. And it is for this precise reason that I love garrets; because they do contain the relics of the old and past—souvenirs of other and happier and simpler times.

They have come to build houses now-a-days without garrets. Impious innovation!

You man of bronze, and "bearded like the pard," who would make people believe, if you could, that you never were a "toddling wee thing;" that you never wore a "ruffle dress," or jingled a rattle with infinite delight; that you never had a mother, and that she never became a woman, and wore caps and spectacles and maybe took snuff—go home once more and after all these years of absence, all booted and whiskered, and six feet high as you are, and let us go up the stairs together into that old-fashioned spacious garret, that extends from gable to gable, with its narrow windows with the spider web of a sash, through which steals "a dim religious light" upon a museum of things unnameable, that once figured below stairs, but were long since crowded out by the Vandal hand of these modern times.

The loose boards of the floor rattle somewhat as they used to—don't they? when beneath your little pattering feet they clattered aforetime, when of a rainy day, "mother," wearied with many-tongued importunity granted the "let us go up into the garret and play." And play! Precious little "play" have you had since, I'll warrant, with your looks of dignity and your dreamings of ambition.

Here we are now in the midst of the garret. The old box—shall we rummage it? Old file of newspapers, dusty, yellow, and a little tattered. 'Tis the Evening Courier. How familiar the type looks! How it reminds you of old times, when you looked over the edge of the table with the letters or papers for father!

Dive deeper into the box. There! A bundle—up it comes, in a cloud of dust. Old almanacs, by all that is memorable! Almanacs, thin-leaved ledgers of time going back to—let us see how far: 104—, 183—, 182,—before our time—180—, when our fathers and mothers were children.

There, you have hit your head against that beam. Time was when you ran to and fro beneath it, but you are nearer to it now by more than "the altitude of a copine." That beam is strewn with forgotten papers of seeds for next year's sowing; a distaff, with some few shreds of flax remaining, is thrust into a crevice of the rafter overhead; and tucked away close under the eaves is "the little wheel," that used to stand by the fire in times long gone. Its sweet, low song has ceased; and perhaps—she drew those flaxen threads—but never mind; you remember the line—don't you?

"Her wheel at rest, the matron charms no more."

Well, let that pass. Do you see that pretty little craft careening in that dark corner? It was the only casket in the house once, and contained a mother's jewels. The old cradle for all the world? And you occupied it once; aye, great as you are, it was your world once; and over it, the only horizon you beheld, bent the heaven of a mother's eyes, as you rocked in that little bark of love, on the higher side of time—fast by a mother's love to a mother's heart.

IT was Colonel Thomas Colt, of Pittsfield, Mass., who, as said, took Sheridan the news of the fight, which led to his famous ride. Colonel Colt told how General Wright came breathless and said, "I have put the army in order for retreat," and Sheridan answered in wrath, "Retreat! by G—d we'll whip 'em yet!" and he told what a grand sight it was when, looking across Middletown meadows, they saw the instantaneously reorganized Union army rush in upon the rebel flanks and scatter them like mist, till, hastening to the scene, they rode over half a mile strewn thickly with dead and dying men, who, twenty minutes before, had shouted "Victory;" and how still it was when at night they rode back over the field which had been the scene of such mad strife and tumult, now, only the low groans of the dying, and the thousands of white dead faces upturned to the stars; and how, after the victory, the Generals one after another came up to the little hero, and hugged him, and wept over him, and lifted him off from the ground, till he gasped, "Hold, enough!"

ROGERS, the poet, one of the most hospitable men that ever lived, once asked an Irish gentleman to come and stay with him. He came fast enough, but would not go. Weeks and months passed, and still, in spite of innumerable delicate hints, he remained a fixture. At last Rogers, in despair, was obliged to fill his house with invited company, appropriating the Irishman's room; and then he said to him,—"My dear——, in spite of your arrangements for leaving sooner, I positively cannot part with you before next Saturday. Beyond that date I cannot ask you to remain, as my house will be quite full,"—which is the most courteous way in which one man ever ejected another on record.

A SOUTHERN Jenkins writes of Raphael Semmes: His habits are faultless. He has none of the vices of a sailor, save an aversion to boots. His nose and face have all the ruddy marks that distinguish an "old salt." He uses no stimulant. His eyes are blue, clear and winning in expression. He always smiles when he greets you. His apparel is plain, and gait erect and graceful enough. He is slender and straight, weighing not more than one hundred and twenty-five pounds. His height is five feet nine or ten inches, and his age fifty-five.

HOW TO JUDGE.—Judge a man by his actions, a poet by his eye, an idler by his finger, a lawyer by his leer, a player by his strut, a boxer by his sinews, an Irishman by his swagger, an Englishman by his rotundity, a Scotchman by his shrug, a justice by his frown, a Jew by his nose, a great man by his modesty, an editor by his coat, a tailor by his agility, a fielder by his elbow, a lady by her dress, and a woman by her neatness.

THE price of wheat in England has doubled since 1864, and is now higher than it has been since the close of the Crimean war. In the first fortnight of the present month it rose on the average fifteen per cent. The crop is said to turn out, on threshing, a far lighter yield than was anticipated, and French buyers are still active in their operations in the English market.

IN Chicago there is a youth who, every time he wishes to get a glimpse of his sweetheart, cries "fire!" directly under her window. In the alarm of the moment she plunges her head out of the window and inquires, "where!" When he poetically slaps himself on the bosom, and exclaims: "Ere, my Angelina."

IT is really a very stupid thing to suppose that you can correct people's faults or follies by throwing out hints before them, or talking at them. If they are stupid and don't take, your labor is lost; if they see your draft, they will be more offended than if you had spoken out openly.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Nov. 6, '67.

"SOHO JOHN!"

Our "handsome" neighbor puts the seal of condemnation on Waynesburg College and the "Bondholders organ," if the former allows it to be championed by the latter or the latter does not cease its persecution of his hypocritical self and party. Granting that his sheet is gospel among many Greene Countians we hardly think it warrants the conclusion that "the institution must unquestionably perish" if he should say we were in league with it. To relieve his mind we make the statement that our paper is not "run" in the interest of Waynesburg College, more than that of our common schools. We only made use of his animadversion upon the College to show the spirit of intolerance practiced by the Democratic party in assaulting everything and everybody that is not or does not in conformity with their peculiar idiosyncrasies. It has not been a great while since the Union School was considerably agitated by a fanatical teacher happening to be of opposite political views from ours, who, if reports be true, insulted the feeling of every Republican that sent a child to the school, yet no clamor was raised concerning it. We refer to this merely to contrast the difference of feeling of the two parties. The lesson we wish to teach is, that of tolerance. We admit the freedom of every one to think for themselves so long as they do not insult the government under which they live, but we do most heartily scout the idea that our "handsome" neighbor can "run the machine" backwards or forwards to suit his pleasure by merely working the "lever."

THE Democracy of Ohio groan under the weight of Vallandigham. He insists upon going to the Senate, but the "leading minds" say he must bide his time. Val. is considerably out of humor and will be an eye sore to Thurman and Pendleton even if he is foiled in his effort to obtain Wade's place. We can't understand why he is to be kept in the shade. He is an honest, upright Democrat, and was sent through the lines for his treason. What better recommendation could he want to the party he represents? By all means let us have their decent men, men who do not hesitate to avow their principles, to legislate for the rebels and their allies.

THE news from Italy creates intense interest. Garibaldi strikes quickly and with effect. The interference of France is alone calculated to keep him without the walls of the "Eternal city." French aid to the Pope may involve other powers and thus the spark kindled by Italian freemen flames into a general conflagration which will melt the thrones of despots and the manacles of the oppressed. Liberty of thought and action must supplant the creed of superstition, idolatry and ignorance. *"Vive l' Garibaldi!"*

EDMOND FORD, a negro committed to prison in Philadelphia, May 12, 1851, for murder, under sentence of death, is still a prisoner, the warrant for his execution never having been signed. The conduct of Ford is represented by the officers of the prison to have been unexceptionable in every respect from the date of his incarceration, sixteen years ago. The grand jury for the quarter sessions recommend him for Executive clemency. How many deaths he must have suffered under the agony of suspense.

LAST week in an article attempting to be severe on "Beast Butler," our "handsome" neighbor omitted the fact that the rowdies who insulted Butler whilst riding in a street-car, by coarse epithet, were hired to do it by Democratic political scavengers. Another illustration of the high toned and "intelligent" caste of their party!

THE *Wheeling Intelligencer*, speaking of the recent election in West Virginia, estimates that the Senate will stand 20 Republicans to 2 Democrats, and the House about the same as last year—about 44 Republicans to 11 Democrats.

THE formation of Grant clubs in every township and ward in the State is one of the purposes indicated by the present movements of our friends in Pennsylvania. How long shall it be until the Republicans of Greene attend to this. Duty calls upon us to organize at once.

THE Hon. Geo. V. Lawrence has not yet demanded "satisfaction" for that "fatal blow" we "attempted to dead him" a few weeks since. Should he oblige us to take "pistols and coffee" we shall insist upon our "handsome" neighbor acting as *principal*.

THE Washington *Reporter* hoists the name of Grant for President in 1868.

JAMES W. WALL, of New Jersey, who was made Senator from that State out of pure spite in 1863, and who has been a prisoner of State in Fort Lafayette, is anxious for a meeting and association of the former prisoners in "Lincoln's bastiles." *The Messenger* heralds his call with apparent satisfaction. The next thing will be a request from the Democracy for Jefferson Davis to recount his "hardships" while incarcerated in Fortress Monroe. In which the "stern statesmen" will be expected to treat of the number of oyster-pies devoured, of muffled sentry beats, how often his physical condition was reported telegraphically by watchful attendants to his admirers at Washington, and before which the horrors of Andersonville shall dwindle into insignificance. Oh! cruel fate that buried their "lost cause!"

IF our "handsome" neighbor had applied himself closely to a few lessons in *punctuation* the "severe logic" resorted to in his last leader would not have over-tasked the brains of his readers.

THE Treasury department states; that none of the counterfiet 7-30s were were out previous to August first, and all persons holding bonds issued previous to that time will experience some satisfaction in knowing that they are good.

BEAUREGARD, who lately attempted to secure re-possession of his plantation near Memphis, did not accomplish it. General Grant refuses to restore it.

ELECTIONS will be held on Tuesday of this week in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas and Maryland.

DEMOCRACY AND EMANCIPATION.

The statement that the Republican party has abandoned every or any principle on which the Government carried on the war, is very good "Johnsonese." It has formed the burden of all Mr. Johnson's speeches, drunk or sober, and belongs to the class of statements which Mr. Johnson has the capacity to believe, but which Mr. Randall could never have seen any sense in without the aid of the extraordinary light shed upon the subject by his position as Postmaster-General. This fiction has just enough foundation in fact to make a passable lie:

For a lie that is all a lie we may meet and conquer outright;
But a lie that is half a truth is a harder matter to fight

It is true that on the day after McDowell's disgraceful defeat at Bull Run, Andrew Johnson, then a Democratic Senator from Tennessee, who had debated seriously whether to go with the Rebels or the Union cause, and who has since told us that he might have "gratified his highest ambition" by becoming a rebel, introduced a resolution into the Senate, which was passed three days after, on July 25, 1861, presenting a sort of Conservative or Pro-Slavery war platform for the benefit of the week-kneed Democrats of whom Mr. Johnson was chief. The resolution declared that

"In this National emergency, Congress banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged upon our party in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects are accomplished, the war ought to cease."

I. In accordance with this resolution the war was conducted until January 1, 1863. McClellan, Fitz-John Porter, and Buell, and with some incidental aid from Lee, Stonewall Jackson, and Albert S. Johnston were engaged in burying our armies, and causing them to retreat vigorously from the presence of the enemy. Many gloomy defeats were suffered, and, except Fort Donelson, Roanoke, and the capture of New-Orleans, no decisive victories had been gained. Copperheads and Rebels were in high feather, and Unionists and Radicals were enraged and disgusted. The above resolution, intended as an olive branch to the Rebels, and a soothing sirup to the Copperheads, had failed to conciliate either. Then, in obedience to the overwhelming voice of the loyal North, the policy of our Government was reversed. The Emancipation Proclamation was issued, pledging the Government to overturn the very "institution" which the above resolution promised to protect. Andrew Johnson, its author, went into Tennessee as Military Governor, and aided in overthrowing its Rebel State government, and in organizing a new one, in the teeth of his own resolution promising not to interfere with State institutions. Of course, every honest man would see in this change of policy a repeal of the above resolution. No such resolution, was ever passed after this policy was adopted. That act rendered the preservation of Rebel State institutions impossible, and the resolution quoted was thenceforth null. If the above resolution were still in force, then Mr. Johnson's career in Tennessee would constitute its most signal violation; for there, without a law of Congress to justify him, he abolished both Slavery and the State government. It is false that after Jan. 1, 1861, the war was carried on upon any principle of non-interference with State institutions. And hence Mr. Randall's statement that, in reconstructing the Southern State governments, Congress has abandoned any principle on which the war was conducted after the Emancipation Proclamation was issued, or Tennessee and Louisiana were reconstructed, is false, as Mr. Randall well knows. But even had it been true that Mr. Johnson's pro-slavery resolution remained in force to the end of the war, President Johnson himself so conspicuously broke it in pieces by his own ten proclamations declaring the Southern State governments destroyed, and providing for their reconstruction, and requiring them to adopt ordinances abolishing Slavery, that there was not enough left of his resolution for Congress to violate if it would. The President himself had trampled in the dust every part and feature of it. He had not only decreed the destruction of State governments and Slavery, but had himself decreed who should vote in the proposed new governments. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

Gen. Meade gives his Democratic Friends an Answer.

We learn from the Getysburg *Star and Sentinel* that previus to the late October election, the democracy of this State "sounded" Major General Meade as to his fitness for the Presidency. The politicians presented the case very plausibly and urged the General to become their candidate. He replied substantially that there were three difficulties in the way:

First—He preferred his present position—a Major General in the regular army.

Second—He had no taste for the duties of the presidency.

Third he called himself a republican and intended voting the republican ticket at the October election.

The "committee" were satisfied that nothing could be done, and left in deep, but deserved, humiliation. The hero of our great battle is faithful to the flag, and the principles for which he fought.

How the Election of Sharswood must be Contested.

If the election of Judge Sharswood should be contested, it must be before the Legislature, to which petitions alleging frauds must be presented within ten days after the meeting, and be signed at least by fifty electors. A committee to hear the testimony will consist of four Senators and three Representatives—to be selected by a process of striking and challenging—who are to hear testimony in public, and their report, or that of a majority, is final and conclusive.

Death of Ex-Governor Andrew.

BOSTON, October 30.—John A. Andrew, ex-Governor of Massachusetts, died at six o'clock last evening, he was at his own residence in Charles street, conversing with a friend, his family being present. He had premonitory symptoms of appoplexy, and requested his family to leave the room, which they did, under the supposition that he had private business to transact. He then requested his friend to call in Dr. Derby, and subsequently Drs. Biglow and Cabet were in attendance. He remained unconscious from the time of his attack until death.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* says, we find the following copy of a handbill, now in circulation in Richmond, in the *New Nation*, published in that city:

NOTICE.—Be it known that the undersigned will agree, for the sum of $25,000, to assassinate the five Radical candidates of the recent election in the city of Richmond.

ANTONIO GALETTI.

This is the spirit engendered by "Democratic victories in the North."

VIRGINIA.

Official Vote of the State—Census of Richmond Voters.

RICHMOND, October 31.—The official vote of the State is: Whites, 75,924; colored, 93,656; for Convention, 14,835 whites, 92,507 colored; against Convention, 61,249 whites, 6,353 colored.

General Schofield, in view of the complaints of frauds, is about to order a new census of the voting population of Richmond.

AN exhibit of the resources of the quarterly returns of the national banking associations of the country shows that on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1867, their resources were, $1,405,033,128 34, and their liabilities, $1,405,033,128 34.

A RESIDENT of Lancaster, whose carriage, while crossing the Pennsylvania railroad near Colebrook, was struck by the fast line west, and his wife so injured that she died, has recovered $9,150 damages. Forty-seven witnesses were examined.

THE editor of the Huntingdon *Monitor* was waited upon by a colored lady whose name appeared on a Salt River ticket issued at that place, and not receiving satisfaction from the editor in the office, laid in wait for him outside, and made him "scratch gravel" to keep out of her clutches.

GOVERNOR BROWNLOW, of Tennessee, was elected United States Senator on the 23d, for the term commencing the 4th of March, 1869, by 24 majority, on the first ballot, over W. B. Stokes, his only opponent.

EVERY county in Nebraska, so far as heard from, has been carried by the Republicans—Douglass, Otoe, Platte, Cumming and Dakota. The Copperheads last year had majorities in every one.

The Roman Revolution.

LONDON, Nov. 1, P. M.—Telegraphic dispatches from Florence giving the situation of affairs at Rome are just received here. The French troops which debarked at Civita Vecchia a few days since had arrived at the Holy City. There were no demonstrations whatever. The city is perfectly quiet, and the French troops were received with profound silence. Garibaldi, whose force is constantly increasing, still held a position on the outskirts of Rome. The Papal forces were to move out of their entrenchments and attack him to-day.

FLORENCE, Nov. 1.—The police have taken possession of and closed the Bureaus of the National party, and headquarters of the Relief Committees in this city and elsewhere, by order of the Italian Government.

FLORENCE, Nov. 1, Evening.—The *Nazione*, this morning, denies the truth of the report that the French troops arrived in Rome. The Italian army, which has entered the Papal States, is under the command of General Cialdini. Garibaldi has retired to Monte Rotondo. He has made no reply to the summons of the Italian Government to disarm his volunteers.

PARIS, Nov. 1, Evening.—The *Moniteur*, to-day, says Emperor Napoleon has demanded of King Victor Emanuel an explanation of the invasion of Roman territory by the Italian forces.

FLORENCE, Nov. 1, Evening.—At last accounts from the South, Garibaldi remained at Monte Rotondo with a force estimated at 5,000 strong.

PRUSSIA AND THE ROMAN QUESTION.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—The provincial correspondent of a journal of semi-official character, says Prussia will interfere in the Roman difficulty, should such action on her part be necessary to preserve the peace of Europe.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—There is no longer any doubt that the French troops have entered Rome. The Italian reserve has been called out.

It is reported on good authority that the government of Prussia has pledged its support to Italy in the event of a rupture of the friendly relations between that country and France. It is known that there is a crisis in the relations between France and Prussia, which causes much uneasiness and apprehension in monetary circles.

LONDON, Nov. 2, 2 P. M.—General Menabrea, prime Minister of Italy, in a note justifies the advance of the Italian troops into the Papal territory. He says the dignity of the Italian government and the violation of the September treaty by the French required this movement.

FLORENCE, October 30.—On Wednesday morning, Garibaldi had under his command 3,000 soldiers. The men are all well armed and have plenty of provisions. The General has no artillery except two brass guns, taken from the Papal forces during the fight at Monte Rotondo. They have no tents. There is very little discipline maintained. The rear is unguarded. Garibaldi's headquarters are in full view of Rome. The soldiers of the Pope who have been gradually and steadily falling back for some days past have retreated within the line of the fortifications of the city. Before their retirement off the field they burned all the bridges over the river.

Roman peasants residing in the neighborhood of the contending forces take no interest, at least evince none, in the progress of affairs. They are engaged at the plough and tending their flocks in the plains just as usual. Garibaldi's men do not interfere with them.

Eight men of the Garibaldian army are to be shot to-morrow by sentence of a court martial, having been convicted of thieving at Monte Rotondo.

The men of the force are very enthusiastic in their hopes as to the result of the movement on Rome. Recruits come in at the rate of six hundred daily. Arms and provisions are had in large quantities from the provinces of Terri.

Garibaldi's sons, Menotti and Rascotti, are both in camp with their father. Garibaldi will not advance near to Rome till he has 20,000 at least under his command. He is to-day engaged in making an examination of the ruins of the bridges destroyed by fire by the Papal troops. Twenty thousand Papal troops, well officered and handled in the field, could destroy Garibaldi's force by an assault in the rear of his position.

Members of the Insurrectionary Committee are here consulting with Garibaldi. The General would regard it as an act of madness to attack Rome with the force now under him.

THE Montgomery, Alabama, Sentinel, reports great suffering, and great hard-heartness in that city, as follows: We regret, for the credit of the capitol of the State of Alabama, to mention the fact that widows and orphans are actually starving to deth in the city of Montgomery! We have endeavored to do our duty, and have appealed often in their behalf, to our well to do citizens. Hundreds here are abundantly able to assist the suffering and destitute, but their hearts seem steeled, and their fountains of charity dried up. As long as they are wanting nothing themselves, they appear to care not a whit for the poor, the needy, and the helpless.

THE coal trade of Pennsylvania increases largely each year. It is stated that five hundred and fifty thousand tons more of anthracite coal have been sent to market this year than during the corresponding period of last year.

GOV. GEARY has issued a proclamation designating Thursday, the 28th of November, as Thanksgiving day.

New Advertisements.

WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

A List of Premiums Awarded at the Second Annual Exhibition of the Richhill Agricultural Society, Held at its Fair Grounds in Jacksonville, on Wednesday and Thursday, September 25th and 26th, 1867.

CLASS 1ST—HORSES.—DIVISION NO. 1—QUICK DRAFT.

	1st pr.	2d pr.
J. Bane, Marshall county, W. Va., Stallion, three yrs. and upward	$ 6 00	
A. Cummons, Richhill tp., Brood mare and foal at foot		$ 3 00
J D Coe, W. Va., mare two yrs. and upwards		1 50
E Adams, Centre tp., Stallion, two years and upward	3 00	
M Carrol, Morris tp., Spring Colt		1 00
A C Feaster, Morris tp., Stallion, one year old		2 00
W McCanna, Richhill tp., three yrs and upward		3 00
S E Kent, Centre tp., gelding three yrs and upward	5 00	
J Whisen, W. Va., Stallion, four yrs and upward	10 00	
E Bane, Richhill tp., spring colt	2 00	
J M White, Aleppo tp., gelding two yrs old	3 00	
W Supler, Richhill tp., mare 2 yrs old	3 00	
T Iams, Morris tp., gelding 3 yrs and upward		3 00
J A Gray, Richhill tp., Stallion one year old	3 00	
N W Hanaher, W. Va., Stallion		5 00
A Cummons, Richhill tp., gelding two years old		1 50

DIVISION NO. 2—HEAVY DRAFT.

I S Condit, Morris tp., spring colt	2 00	
J Call, Richhill tp., spring colt		1 50
M Carroll, Wash. county, mare 3 years old		2 00
J D Coe, W. Va, gelding 1 years old and upward		2 00
P Marsh, Richhill tp., mare	4 00	
J K Laughridge, Richhill tp., stallion 4 yrs and upward	10 00	
W Boyd, Wash. county, gelding two years old	2 00	
R McCanna, Morris tp., mare 3 yrs and upward		2 00
A Grind, Jackson tp., sallion one year old	2 00	
N Ketchem, Morris tp., Stallion	4 00	
H Blany, Wash. county, mare three years and upward		5 00

DIVISION NO. 3—FOR ALL PURPOSES.

R H Lindly, Wash. county, mare	4 00	
A Cummins, Richhill tp., gelding 2 yrs old		1 00
A Ackley, Richhill tp., gelding four yrs and upward		2 00
J Whisen, W. Va., stallion 4 years and udward	10 00	
R Wyatt, Greene county, yearling colt	1 00	
I Hays, Greene Co., gelding 4 years and upward	4 00	
J M White, Aleppo tp., gelding two years old	3 00	
W Supler, Richhill tp., mare two years old	3 00	
I Kerr, Greene Co., gelding three years old	4 00	
F Ketchum, Morris tp., stallion		5 00

DIVISION NO. 4—MATCH HORSES OR MARES.

J K Laughridge, Richhill tp., gelding farm purposes	3 00	
E Bane Richhill tp., match horses	4 00	
J Lear, Franklin tp., " mares	4 00	
T Baldwin, Richhill tp., match mares, farm use	5 00	
J K Laughridge, Richhill tp., match horses	8 00	
Mr Thos Iams, Morris tp., match horses for farm purposes	5 00	

DIVISION NO. 5—TROTTING, PACING AND WALKING, HORSES OR MARES.

R H Lindly, Washington county, mare 3 yrs and upward		2 00
M Carroll, Washington Co., mare, family use	4 00	
Cummons, Richhill tp., fancy colt	2 00	
J Giffgity, Richhill tp., horse, single driving		
P Ackley, Washington Co., walking horse		2 00
Wm Jacobs, Richhill tp., family horse		2 00
J K Laughridge, Richhill tp., single driving horse	4 00	
C W Blany, Wash. Co., riding animal	4 00	
M Monegar, Waynesburg, walking horse	4 00	
C W Blany, Wash. county, pacing mare		2 00
James Stephens Greene Co., pacing horse	50 00	
J R Hewit, Rices Landing, trotting mare		30 00
J W Whisen, Washington Co., trotting stallion	60 00	

DIVISION NO. 6—THOROUGH BRED.

N W Hanaher, Wheeling, W. Va., (J C Head, stallion)	12 00

CLASS NO. 2—CATTLE.—DIVISION NO. 1—SHORT HORN, PURE BLOOD.

J K Laughridge, Richhill tp., bull 1 year old	4 00	
H H Messenger, Richhill tp., Bull three years and upward	8 00	
H H Messenger, Richhill tp., Cow 3 years and upward	4 00	
H H Messenger, Richhill tp., Bull calf	2 00	
W H Johnson, Richhill tp., Bull 2 years and upward		2 00
H Sanders, Morris tp., Bull 2 years and upward	4 00	
E Bane, Richhill tp., spring calves	2 00	
G Knicely, Richhill tp., 1 year old Bull		2 00

DIVISION NO. 2—NATIVE OR GRADE.

J Billick, Richhill tp., yoke of yearling oxen	4 00	
J Billick, Richhill tp., matched yearling oxen	4 00	
A Cummons, Richhill tp., Bull 3 yrs and upward	5 00	
B H McNay Richhill tp., cows three years and upward	5 00	
J Ackley Richhill tp., Bull calf	2 00	
E Headley, Richhill tp., Bull 2 yrs and upward	3 00	

DIVISION NO. 3—WORKING AND BEEF CATTLE.

Jonas Milliken, Jackson tp., yoke of oxen	8 00	
E Bane, Richhill tp., yoke of oxen		4 00
G Knicely, Richhill tp., yoke of oxen two years old	6 00	

CLASS NO. 3—SHEEP.—DIVISION NO. 1—SPANISH BUCKS AND BUCK LAMBS.

H A Foot, Vernon, one buck two years and upward	10 00	
W J Wright, Vermont, one yearling buck	4 00	
R Adams, Wash. Co., one 2 year old buck		5 00
A M Ivins, Wash. Co., yearling buck		2 00
A J Barker, Morris tp., one buck lamb	4 00	

DIVISION NO. 2—SPANISH EWES AND EWE LAMBS.

H A Foot, Vermont, three ewes		
H A Foot, Vermont, 5 ewe lambs	4 00	
Thos Iams, Morris tp., 3 ewes	8 00	
A J Barker, " " three yearling ewes	4 00	

DIVISION NO. 3—LONG WOOLED AND FAT SHEEP.

D W Walton, Richhill tp., three fat sheep	3 00

CLASS NO. 4—WOOL.

S Harvey, Centre tp., two fleeces spanish	2 00	
S Harvey, Centre tp., 2 fleeces grade	2 00	

CLASS NO. 5—SWINE.

J K Loughridge, Richhill tp., male swine	4 00	
P Marsh, Richhill tp., male swine		2 00
" " " brood sow and pigs		2 00
P Marsh, Richhill tp., brood sow and pigs	4 00	
P Marsh, Richhill tp., best pig	2 00	
" " " fat hog	4 00	
" " "		2 00

CLASS NO. 6—POULTRY.

Leroy Marsh, Richhill tp., pair of geese	1 00

CLASS NO. 7—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES—DIVISON NO. 1—WOOLEN.

Mrs D M Walton, Richhill tp., rug	1 00	
Mrs P Marsh Richhill tp., five yds. of flannel		1 00
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., five yds of casinett	2 00	
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., woolen hose	1 00	
Mrs M Dille, Richhill tp., five yds of casinett		1 00
Mrs John Wright, Richhill tp., pair of blankets	4 00	
T B Ross, Clarksville, Kentucky jeans	2 00	
T B Ross, Clarksville, cashimere eight yards	2 00	
Mrs S Iams, Centre tp., five yards of rag carpet		1 00
Mrs Jesse Lazear, Richhill tp., five yards of flannel	2 00	
Mrs N Patterson, Richhill tp., worsted hose	1 00	
Mrs Jesse Lazear, Richhill tp., rag carpet	2 00	

DIVISION NO. 2—LINEN.

Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., five yds of linen	2 00
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., five yds of linen	3 00
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., table linen	3 00
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., table linen	
Mrs. Frazeur, Richhill tp., linen hose	50
Mrs S King, Greene Co., linen thread	1 00
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., tow linen	1 00

DIVISION NO. 3—COTTON.

Mrs M Supler, Richhill tp., coverlet	1 00
Mrs J Ackley, Richhill tp., two coverlets	2 00

DIVISION NO. 4—LEATHER.

M Dille, Richhill tp., one side sole leather	2 00
M Dille, Richhill tp., two calf skins	2 00
M Dille, Richhill tp., two sides upper leather	2 00
M Dille, Richhill tp., two kip skins	1 00
T Vanatta, Richhill tp., one side saddle	5 00

New Advertisements.

DIVISION NO. 5—QUILTS, FANCY WORK, &c., &c.

	1st pr.	2d pr.
T Vanatta, Richhill tp., cottage quilt	2 00	
Miss Lizzie Gray, Richhill tp., M. R. skirt		50
Lizzie Gray, Richhill tp., ladies' drawers		50
Lizzie Gray, Richhill tp., child's drawers	1 00	
Miss Mary Flenniken, Waynesburg, broidered skirt	1 00	
Mrs J Carter, Centre tp., scrap quilt		1 00
Mrs T Iams, Morris tp., tida	1 00	
Miss A Drake, Richhill tp., W. net	1 00	
" " " " R. net	50	
" " " " ladies' collar	1 00	
Miss A Drake, Richhill tp., fancy work	1 00	
Miss Mary Scott, Jackson tp., scrap quilt	2 00	
Miss Mary Scott, Jackson tp., fancy quilt	2 00	
Mrs Frazeur, Richhill tp., album	2 00	
Miss M C Dinsmore, Richhill tp., lamp mat	1 00	
Mrs S Iams, Centre tp., fancy quilt		1 00
Mis N Patterson, Richhill tp., worsted fancy quilt	2 00	
N Patterson, Richhill tp., pair of blankets		2 00
N Patterson, Richhill tp., lamp mat		50

DIVISION NO. 6—MISCELLANEOUS.

Stephen Knight, Richhill tp., one pair of bedsteads	3 00	
T Eisminger, Richhill tp., 1 one-horse sleigh	3 00	
T Eisminger, Richhill tp., one pair cottage bedsteads		1 50
T Eisminger, Richhill tp., one splint bottom rocking chair	1 00	
G F Simpson, Mare & Co., Rich. tp., one barrel wheat flour	2 50	
G F Simpson, Mare & Co., Rich. tp., one barrel rye flour	2 50	
E Bane, Richhill tp., spring wagon	5 00	
T Eisminger & Bro., Rich. tp., one dressing bureau	3 00	
J Snyder, Rocklick, W. Va., farm wagon	5 00	
J M White, Aleppo tp., apple pleker	1 00	
Mrs S Harvey, Centre tp., variety jar	1 00	
Miss A Harvey, Centre tp., work basket	1 00	
Mrs D M Walton, Richhill tp., two pounds of butter	1 00	
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., six corn brooms	1 00	
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp., one quart cane molasses	1 00	
E Bane, Richhill tp., one horse spring wagon	2 00	
Mrs J Lazear, Richhill tp., 1 quart maple molasses		50
Mrs E Headley, Richhill tp., two pounds of butter		50

CLASS NO. 9.—CROPS AND HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

J B Wilson, Washington, variety of pears	1 00	
J B Wilson, Washington, variety of grapes	1 00	
S Harvey, Centre tp., summer, fall and winter apples		50
S Harvey, Centre tp., specimen beets	1 00	
S Harvey, Centre tp., red wheat		50
J A Gray, Richhill tp., soup beans		50
Mrs S Harvey, Centre tp., quinces		50
Mrs W S Benbout, Rich. tp., one cucumber		50
J Lazear, Richhill tp., American turben squash		50
J Lazear, Richhill tp., B. M. squash		50
P Marsh, Rich. tp., 1 doz. fall apples		50
" " " " winter "	1 00	
" " " " free stone peaches	1 00	
P Marsh, Richhill tp., specimen plums one-half gallon	1 00	
P Marsh, Richhill tp., specimen quinces one-half gallon		50
P Marsh, Richhill tp., specimen catawba grapes		50
P Marsh, Richhill tp., variety of pumpkins and squashes		50
P Marsh, Rich. tp., specimen winter wheat one-half pound	1 00	
P Marsh, Rich. tp., Indian corn one-half bushel	1 00	
P Marsh, Rich. tp., buck wheat one-half bushel	1 00	
P Marsh, Rich. tp., display of vegitables	1 50	
P Marsh, Richhill tp., California wheat		50
S Knight, Rich. tp., Isabella grapes one-half gallon	1 00	
S Knight, Rich. tp., citron grapes one-half gallon		25
W Griffeth, Rich. tp., variety of fall and winter apples	1 00	
A A Stout, Rich. tp., fall apples, one dozen	1 00	
J Walker, Rich. tp., three cucumbers		25
G. Colston, cataby grapes	1 00	

CLASS NO. 10 & 11—PRESERVES, JELLIES AND BUTTERS.

Miss Jennie Teagardner, Richhill tp, collection of preserved fruit	2 00	
Jennie Teagardner, Richhill tp, current jelly R and W		25
Jennie Teagardner, Richhill tp, black berry jelly		50
Mrs D M Walton, Richhill tp, tomato preserves		50
D M Walton, Richhill tp, peach butter		50
D M Walton, Richhill tp, raspberry jam		50
Mrs S A Houston, Richhill tp, preserved peaches	1 00	
S A Houston, Richhill tp, preserved quinces	1 00	
S A Houston, Richhill tp, preserved grapes	1 00	
Mrs Gribbens, Richhill tp, plum gum		50
Mrs Gribbens, Richhill tp, peach jelly		50
Mrs A J Borher, Richhill tp, plum jelly		25
Mrs A J Borher, Richhill tp, tomato preserves	1 00	
Mrs James Gillogley, Richhill tp, apple jelly		50
Mrs J Lazear, Richhill tp, plum jelly		50
" " " " plum preserves		50

CLASS NO. 12—BREAD.

Mrs D M Walton, Richhill tp, soft light bread	1 00
Mrs D M Walton, Richhill tp, soft light cake	50
Mrs P Marsh, Richhill tp, catawba wine one pint	50
Mrs P Marsh, Rich. tp, currant wine one pint	50
Mrs P Marsh, Rich. tp, black berry wine one pint	50
S Knight, Rich. tp, black berry wine	25
Miss Mary Noble, Rich. tp, one silver cake	50
Mrs S A Houston, Rich. tp, soft light bread	50
Mrs S Houston, Rich. tp, soft light cake	25
Miss A M Harvey, Centre tp, silver cake	25
Mrs J W Walton, Rich. tp, jelly cake	50
Mrs J Lazear, Rich. tp, pickles	50

CLASS NO. 13.—CLOTHING.

Miss Mary J Quick, Rich. tp, dress	2 00
Mrs S Thompson Rich. tp, bonnet	1 00
Lizzie Gray, Rich. tp, night dress	50
Mary Flenniken, Waynesburg, night dress	1 00
Miss C Barker, W Va., shirt	1 00
Miss N Patterson, Rich. tp, ladies' dress	1 00
Miss N Patterson, Rich. tp, child's dress	50

CLASS NO. 14—FLORAL DEPARTMENT.

Mrs J Ackley, Richhill tp, round hand boquet	1 00
Mrs J Ackley, Richhill tp, P. cactus	1 00
Mrs S Knight, Richhill tp, collection of flowers	1 00
Mrs S Knight, Richhill tp, dahlia	1 00
Mrs J Greflogaly, Richhill tp, alum basket	
Miss Durbin, Richhill tp, flat hand boquet	1 00
Miss P Headley, Richhill tp, reath of flowers	1 00

CLASS NO. 15—FINE ARTS.

A Wallace, Waynesburg, ambrotypes	3 00
A Wallace, Waynesburg, photographs	3 00
A Wallace, Waynesburg, best display of ambrotypes, photo's, &c	3 00

CLASS NO. 16—JACKS AND MULES.

E W Wood, Franklin tp, jack	8 00
J Laughlin, Rock Lick, W Va, pair of mules	4 00
T Carrol, Wash. Co, two mules	2 00

DIVISION NO. 2—RACING MULES.

J Laughlin, Rock Lick, W Va, racing mules	10 00

N. B. Class No. 3—Division No. 4—Grade Sheep—there being several entries and the committee failing to report, the Board of Managers propose to refund the entry. In Class No. 2—Division No. 1—Cattle—Durham pure blood—Mr. John K. Loughridge of Richhill township, was entitled to first premium, in lieu of H. H. Messenger. The Committee overlooked Mr. L.s. cow, as afterwards reported to the Secretary. All communications had through Corresponding Secretary. All competitors having premiums awarded to them are requested to call immediately on the Treasurer and lift them.

S. KNIGHT, Cor. Sec'y. D. W. WALTON, Pres.
A. ROSS, Rec. Sec'y.
J. W. WALTON, Treasurer.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE—

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Greene Co., and to me directed, I will expose to sale on the premises, on the

12th OF DECEMBER

next, all that certain tract of land, late the property of JOHN LUCAS, deceased; situate in Jefferson township, about one and a half miles from Rice's Landing and Clarksville, adjoining lands of George Mordock, Levi Blacklidge, Abraham Burson and others, containing ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOUR ACRES more or less; having thereon erected a good Stone Dwelling House, Log Barn, Frame Stable and other out-buildings; also, a good

APPLE ORCHARD

and all kinds of fruit trees, being one of the best improved farms in the county and among the most desirable properties.

TERMS:—Made known on day of sale.

ELIZABETH LUCAS, Executrix.

11:6-4t.

Special Notices.

To Consumptives.—The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 163 South Second St. Williamsburg New York.
6:5,'67-1ych9-13

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
6:5,'67-1ych9:8 823 Broadway, New York.

☞Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries.
6:5-1y.

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 6, a. m.—(via Jolleytown.)

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12, m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m.; (except Sundays,) departure daily, 9½ a. m., (except Sundays).

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 8, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m., (except Sundays).

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 6, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Farm for Sale—Elizabeth Lucas.

Premiums awarded—Richhill Ag., Society.

A New supply of Alcohol, Turpentine and Varnish, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's.

JOB PRINTING.—We desire to call the attention of the citizens of the borough and county to the fact that the Job office connected with this paper is large and complete, and that we are prepared to do all kinds of Job work in the neatest and most workmanlike manner, at the shortest notice. Handbills for the sale of Real Estate and Personal Property printed as low as they can be done elsewhere, and in a very short time. Paper Books printed in first class style.

$12,000 worth of Goods at Guiher's, cheap for Cash!

Window Glass of every size, for sale at G. W Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

THE ladies, in their sovereign capacity as judges of emotional enjoyment, have decided that no perfume in existence produces the same delicious sensations as are experienced while inhaling the exquisite fragrance of Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus."

GUIHER has the largest stock of Goods in the County!

A New assortment of Fancy Soaps, Hair Oil and Perfumeries at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

WHY?—Why don't some of the young men of Waynesburg organize a Debating Society, for meetings, discussions and mental improvment during the long evenings of winter? A Literary Association, that would meet once or twice a week, for debate, for the reading of essays, or for interchange of ideas upon important topics of the day, could not fail to be of greater advantage than loafing in groceries or on street corners.

40 kegs new White Lead just received a G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

THERE'S "no discount" on Guiher's Goods.

ATTEMPTED OUTRAGE.—On Wednesday last a nomadic darkey, giving the name of Isaac Devat, attempted a nameless outrage upon the person of a little white girl named Spragg, aged about twelve years, and living in Wayne tp., this county. The particulars so far as we can ascertain are that in company with two other girls smaller than herself the girl was conveying a bunch of patterns to a neighbors, when they were overtaken and accosted by the negro. At a favorable moment he seized the eldest and conveyed her into the woods. Her companions fled and communicated the news to a man near by who immediately proceeded to the rescue in time to prevent the consummation of the fiend's hellish purpose. He was brought here and confined in jail on Thursday last to await trial. His facial appearance is described as repulsive in the extreme, is of muscular build, about 5 feet 10 inches high. There is no extenuation for this species of diabolism and it is hoped that the law will be meted out in full.

Robertson's Liquid Dentifrice for cleansing and preserving the teeth for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

LOOK OUT FOR FIRES.—Now is the time to fix it deeply in your mind that a little spark will kindle a large fire, and a little carelessness may result in the loss of all your's and your neighbors' property. Clean out your chimneys, re-arrange your stove pipes, and be sure to keep your ashes out of wooden vessels.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price

Two hundred head of cattle passed through this place one day last week, bound East.

GOLD IN WEST VA.—The Harrison County *Journal* says: The Gold and Silver Mining Company have had five assays of the metal taken from the mines which they are working, each producing gold, varying from three to thirty-six dollars per ton. Gold can certainly be produced in paying quantities. The company will be chartered in a few days, and will be prepared to sell shares. It will afford an opportunity for a profitable investment.

GUIHER can beat them all selling Goods!

Paints and Oil of all kinds, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

WASHINGTON COUNTY ITEMS.—From our Washington exchanges of the 30th, ult., we glean the following:

Mr. T. H Long's store, the old Dunningsville stand on the Williamsport pike, was robbed on the night of the 22nd, ult. Loss $400, no clue to the robbers.

Henry Horn, of Amwell tp., had his leg fractured, caused by a miss step whilst driving the horsepower of a threshing machine.

The saw mill belonging to Mr. Wm. Coulter, and under lease to Messrs P. Leezer & Co., in Monongahela city, was burned on the 19th ult. Loss to both parties $4000.

A young man named David McFarland, of Smith tp., was killed on the 16th ult., by a kick from a horse.

The *American Standard* says, on the 20th ult., Charles Higgins and Thos. Dire, of Coal Run, Washington county, got into a political discussion, and from words resorted to blows. Higgins made the attack upon Dire with a butcher knife, the other being armed with a base ball bat, with which he struck Higgins on the head. Higgins fell senseless to the ground, and in a short time died from the effect of the blow. Dire has but one arm, having lost the other one in the army. He was arrested and held to bail.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—For November Contents: Part eleven of "The Guardian Angel," by Dr. O. W. Holmes. Opinions of the late President Nott of Union College, respecting Books, Studies and Orators, By Prof. Sanborn, of Dartmouth College. Cretan Days, the first of a series of articles by W. J. Stillman, U. S. Consul at Crete, describing the Island, and the characater and incidents of the struggle between the Cretans and Turks, etc' etc. Reviews and Literary Notices. Ticknor & Fields, Publishers, Boston.

INTERESTING LAW SUIT.—An engrossing suit occupied the attention of the gentlemen of the legal profession and absorbed considerable public interest here, last week. The suit is the contested validity of a note for $5000, said to have been given by David Enochs, of Richhill tp., this county, before his, death, to Margeret Ann Enochs, of Washington Co., a half-sister of the deceased, by the heirs of the estate. The proceeding before the arbitrators, with Messrs, Black, Wyly and Buchanan for plantiff and Messrs. A. A. Purman and Geo, Inghram for defendants, has developed the fact, unless more favorable evidence is deduced for the plaintiff, that the note is a forgery. The case has been postponed for further hearing, and we understand if decided unfavorably to the plaintiff an appeal will be taken.

ANYTHING you want you will find at Guiher's.

Wilburs Pure Cod Liver Oil and Lime cure for Consumption for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

"HUSBANDS, LOVE YOUR WIVES," and give them Plantation Bitters when they are suffering from Nervousness, General Debility, Faintness, Spasms, or any of the thousand and one diseases to which the weaker sex is liable. Having *yourselves* experienced the benefit of their use, extend the blessing to others. This invaluable tonic will chase Hypochondria or "the Blues"—give tone to the damaged nervous system—gently stimulate languid secretion—dispel vapors and *ennui*, and generally build up the worn constitution. For each sex and all ages it is a gentle stimulant and a refreshing cordial. Millions of bottles are sold daily all over the world.

HE pleases all and allows none to leave without their wants supplied—Guiher does.

HALLOW EVE.—Last Thursday night was celebrated by "Young America" with the usual throwing of corn and cabbage. We have heard of no malicious mischief done.

GUIHER has an immense stock of Dry Goods on hand.

THE recent rains, we learn, have not raised the river to any great extent, although the boats are yet making regular trips.

GUIHER favors Repudiation—of high price!

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL.—We have received the November number of this incomparable monthly. It is fully equal to former ones, and contains a large number of interesting and instructive articles, from the best writers of the day Fowler & Wells, Publishers, 308 Broadway, New York,

DISPUTE SETTLED.—The strike some days since by the coal diggers for three cents a bushel, resulted in accession on the part of the owners.

DROWNED.—A. B. Brown, Esq., writes us from Jacksonville, that on Thursday, the 31st ult., a little son of Mr. Richard Sargents, aged about fifteen years, had a fit and falling into the creek near by was drowned, before his condition was known to the family.

Go to Guihers and buy Cheap Goods.

Married.

NOTICES of Marriages and Deaths inserted free but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion.

BOGG—MASTERS—By Rev. F. Downey, Mr. Benjamin Bogg and MissClarinda Masters, all of Greene county, Pa.

Died.

STANDLEY—At the Residence of his grandfather Samuel Standley, in Hillsboro Washington Co. Pa. Oct. 4th, Samuel, Son of Mahlon and Phebe Standley in the 10th year of his age,

LOVE—On October 11th, of Diptheria, Millard Fillmore, infant son of Martin J. and Harriet Love, of Jefferson township, Greene county, Pa., aged 10 months.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Nov. 6, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ₱ lb	30
Eggs ₱ doz	30
Potatoes ₱ bush	75@1 00
Lard ₱ lb	10
Tallow ₱ lb	15
Country Soap ₱ lb	08
Dried Apples ₱ lb	6c
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₱ bbl	11 50
Wheat ₱ bush	2 10
Rye ₱ bush	1 25
Corn ₱ bush	75
Corn Meal ₱ bush	75
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₱ lb	30@33
Tea ₱ lb	1 85
Brown Sugar ₱ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₱ lb	20
Syrup ₱ gal	90
Molasses (N. Orleans,)	1 20
Sorghum ₱ gal	1 00
Salt ₱ bbl	3 40
Rice ₱ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

MONDAY, Nov. 4, 1867.

The markets generally continue languid and quite depressed enough. The demand for supplies is very light, with no material inquiry for any of the leading articles, excepting to supply the immediate wants of the local trade. This is all that can be said about trade.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 50@2 60
Rye ₱ bush	$1 45@1 50
Oats ₱ bush	68@70c
Corn ₱ bush	$1 20
Spring Wheat Flour	10 75@11 00
Winter Wheat	12 50@12 75
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	14½c
Sugar Cured Hams	24@25
Lard	13½@14
Potatoes, ₱ bush	1 00@1 10
Apples ₱ bbl	2 25@3 50
Cheese	16@18
Eggs ₱ doz	27@28
Butter	35@50

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

The Pittsburgh *Gazette* of Thursday, Oct. 31, says, the market has again been very dull since the date of our last report, the 24th inst., and with a very fair supply and a diminished demand, prices, compared with last week, especially for commonish stock, has still further declined. Good fat cattle were scarce, and such as are usually taken for retailing in the eastern markets sold without much difficulty at 6½ to 7, and extra, if there had been any in market, would doubtless have brought 7¼, or even 7½. The transactions, were restricted mainly to common cattle, for which prices ranged from 3½ to 4½c, and some medium butchers cattle brought from 5½ to 6. The impression seems to be gaining strength among those engaged in the business, that prices for all kinds of stock must go still lower, as the supply of cattle throughout the country is larger than was generally supposed, and besides, feed is scarce, and likely to be high, which will force a larger number on market than there would otherwise have been.

Markets.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4, 1867.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

WHEAT—Dull and 1@2c lower; sales at $1 88@1 89¼ for No. 1; $1 79½@1 82 for No. 2; closing at $1 88 for No. 1; $1 77 for No. 2.

CORN—Dull at $1 05 for No. 1; $1 03@1 04 for No. 2.

OATS—Closed dull at 53½c in store.

RYE—Quiet at $1 28@1 29 for No. 1; $1 27 for No. 2 in store.

BARLEY—Unsettled at $1 02@1 05 for No. 2.

MESS PORK—Firm at $20 00 for new; $19 00 for old.

LARD—Firm but quiet at 12c for new and old.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at $6 75@7 00 for first-class shipping.

HOGS—Dull at $5 65@5 75 for choice to extra.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, November 2.—There is a limited demand for staple fabrics and desirable styles of fine goods at low prices, but the market generally is depressed.

PAILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, November 2.—Coffee—Rio 15@17½c. Flour declining. Wheat dull at $2 30@2 35 for red. Corn dull at $1 38@1 40. Oats 69@70c. Provisions heavy.

DELAWARE.

Question of Admitting Negro Testimony—Civil Rights Bill Declared Inoperative and Void.

WILMINGTON, DEL., November 1.—In the Court of General Sessions, of Delaware, at Dover yesterday, in the case of the State against Moses Rash, it being proposed by the prosecuting officer to present the evidence of complainant, Samuel Dewey, a colored man, objection was made by Comegys' counsel for defense, that the laws of Delaware do not permit colored testimony when there are competent white witnesses. Chief Justice Gilpine ruled that the testimony be admitted because he said it had been customary in his court to permit prosecuting witnesses to testify, even though they were colored, but he gave as his opinion from the bench, upon a point which could as well be settled now as any other time, that the Civil Rights bill of Congress, so far as it assumes to regulate contracts or the admission and rejection of testimony in this State, which the laws of this State regulate, was in-operative and void. Judge Woolen concurred in the decision, and Judge Wales dissented. In case of a decision to this effect by the Court, an appeal to the Court above would doubtless be sustained.

Our Crops.

The report of the Department of Agriculture shows that the expectations of large crops have been realized over the whole country. The report is for August and September. It gives the following per centage of increase for the current year over the last in the wheat growing States; Ohio, 130 per cent.; Indiana, 50; Michigan, 23; Wisconsin, 17; Monnesota, 125; Illinois, 11, Iowa, 20; Missouri, 40; Kentucky, 34; West Virginia, 60; Virginia, 45; New York, 14, and Pennsylvania 40. Kansas and Texas alone show a falling off from the unusually heavy crop of last year.

The corn crop promises better things daily. The southern States in particular show a better prospect. Georgia will double last year's crop. Alabama increases 75 per cent.; Mississippi, 80, Tennessee, 21, Louisiana, 40, South Carolina 54, and Arkansas 100. Ohio will fall off 30 per cent. from last year, Indiana, 17, Illinois 14, Kentucky 28, West Virginia 15, and Virginia 10. The crop of rye, barley, oats and buckwheat will exceed that of 1866. Hay shows an increase of 25 to 30 per cent. Pennsylvania increases her crop of this kind 50 per cent. New York 24, Michigan, Wisconsin and Illinois 25, and Indiana 20. The apple crop will fall short. Potatoes are rotting badly in some States.

The general drift of the returns; comparing them with those which were earlier, and the west with the east, are favorable to an admirable harvest. Should the whole country turn out such crops—and we know that the Pacific will, and have flattering reports from the south—there can be no doubt of a superabundance for home consumption and an excess equal to any foreign demand. Covering the country as a unit, the reports have been and are exceedingly favorable, and every one has reason to expect a better condition of things in the future.

The Cotton crop of the present year, now harvesting, is estimated at 2 250, 000 bales. The Sea Island variety, owing to various causes; will amount to an almost insignificant fraction of this amount, thus materially diminishing the aggregate value.

BELLE BOYD gave a reading at Lexington last Tuesday. As but forty persons attended, Belle looked unhappy, and said she thought the people of Lexington had treated her very unkindly. She expected "a heartier reception from the home of John Morgan and other heroes who fought for Southern independence."

RICHMOND papers of the 26th inst; say that the official returns of the late election indicate the election of thirty Conservatives and sixty Radicals. Sixty five counties gave 70,799, for and 44,850 against the Convention, The Hunnicut Ticket had four hundred and six majority in Richmond. Eighteen colored delegates are elected.

GREENE COUNTY, S S.

In the Orphans' Court of said county, of September Term 1867, No. 22.

In the matter of the settlement of the account of David R. Jones, Administrator upon the estate of John Jones, dec'd.

Balance due accountant.....$1,723 11.

And now, to wit: September 18, 1867, presented for confirmation and exceptions filed by Ellis Stephenson, in right of his wife; the same is referred to John C. Flenniken, Esq., Auditor, to hear the evidence on exceptions and make report. By the court.

Attest, J. P. TEMPLE, Clerk of Court.

I will attend to the above appointment at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Friday, November 15th, 1867, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

10;16-3w JNO. C. FLENNIKEN, Auditor.

ASTRAYS.—ASTRAYED FROM THE Premises of the undersigned, in Alleppo township, Greene county, Pa., about ten days since, a dark Red Cow, about three years old, white face, and end of horns cut off. Also, a black yearling Heifer, with a large bell on. Any person returning the same to the subscriber, or, giving information where they can be found, will be liberally rewarded. LEVI MURRAY.

Oct. 2, '67.

Clothing.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF WINTER CLOTHING—

NOW OPENING AT

N. CLARK & SON'S

FASHIONABLE AND POPULAR CLOTHING STORE.

Bought just in the "Nick of Time," and will be sold only a fraction higher than in the days of

GOLD AND SILVER!

We can offer inducements that no other establishment

IN THE PLACE CAN!

Having made our purchase in Philadelphia in the most

FAVORABLE TIME OF THE SEASON.

We invite particular attention to our business suits and

FINE BEAVER OVERCOATS!

In the

FRENCH,
MOSCOW,
CHINCHILLA
and AMERICAN

Beaver Overcoats, we cannot be surpassed for

QUALITY, STYLE, OR PRICE.

A large selection of GENT'S and BOY'S Clothing.

We have Hats and Caps for Men and Boys of all the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES.

In our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department we make it

OUR SPECIAL OBJECT

To keep a better class of goods than can be found in any similar Establishment. Having always on hand all the neatest and most novel styles of

TIES,
SCARFS,
COLLARS,
&c., &c., &c.,

In PAPER COLLARS we have no equal. We have only to add:

Oh! Coatless mortals, where ever you be,
Behold these lines and see your remedy;
Ye weary men with Cuff and Collars worn,
With Stockings full of holes and badly torn,
Whose gloves are thumbless and ties are lost,
Come and replace them at little cost.
We'll fit you out in style from head to feet,
You'll look so well whene'er you walk the street.

JUST OPPOSITE DAY'S BOOK STORE.

10:30-tf.

THE LATEST SENSATION!

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President has not yet been Impeached, but

A. J. SOWERS

Has purchased an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

OVERCOATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
HATS,
CAPS,
ETC., ETC.,

of the latest style and best workmanship. A choice stock of

NOTIONS!

Hosiery,
Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Suspenders, etc.,

also on hand, which will be sold at astonishingly

LOW PRICES!

Call and see him before you buy elsewhere. He invariably satisfies all

WHO WISH TO PURCHASE!

Room in Allison's building, Waynesburg, Pa.

A. J. SOWERS.

10;9-3m

THE LADY'S FRIEND—

"WASHINGTON AT MOUNT VERNON."

THE LADY'S FRIEND announces for 1868, the following novelties:—THE DEBARRY FORTUNE, by Amanda M. Douglas, author of "In Trust," "Stephen Dane," &c.; A DEAD MAN'S RULE, by Elizabeth Prescott, author of "How a Woman Had Her Way," &c.; FEELING FROM FATE, by Louise Chandler Moulton, author of "Juno Clifford," "This, That and the Other," &c.

It will give a splendid DOUBLE PAGE FINELY COLORED FASHION PLATE—engraved on steel—in every number.

It will give a beautifully executed FANCY STEEL ENGRAVING in every number.

It will give a large assortment of WOOD CUTS, illustrating the Fashions, Fancy Work, &c., in every number.

It will give a popular piece of MUSIC, worth the cost of the Magazine in itself—in every number.

It will give a copy of the new and splendid Premium Steel Engraving—"WASHINGTON AT MOUNT VERNON"—thirty inches long by twenty-one wide—to every full ($2 50) subscriber, and to every person sending a Club.

It offers as premiums a large variety of Books, Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, Silver Plated Tea Sets, Spoons, Pitchers, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothes Wringers, Croquet, Appleton's Cyclopedias, &c.

☞ A SPLENDID OFFER.—New subscribers who subscribe for 1868 by the first of November, shall receive the November and December numbers of this year in addition, making fourteen months in all! Those who subscribe by the first of December shall receive the December number, thirteen months in all!

TERMS.

1 copy (large Premium Engraving,)	$ 2 50
4 copies	6 00
5 " (and one gratis)	8 00
8 " (and one gratis)	12 00
One copy each of LADY'S FRIEND and post,	4 00

The getter up of the club always receives a copy of the PREMIUM ENGRAVING. Members of a Club wishing the Premium Engraving, must remit ONE DOLLAR EXTRA.

☞ Those desirous of getting up Clubs or Premium Lists, should enclose fifteen cents for sample Magazine, containing the particulars. Address DEACON & PETERSON, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Miscellaneous.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one of these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnoses. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific acquirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9;4-tf. F. WHITTLESY.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts, Raisons, Groceries and everything

IN

The Grocery line of H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10;30-tf.

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway New York,

Are unrivalled for DURABILITY, POWER and EVENNESS OF TONE. They are fast becoming the favorite over all others, with Musicians, Amateurs, and all lovers of GOOD MUSIC. They are warranted in every respect. Prices one-third lower than other first-class makers. Send for Circular. GROVESTEEN & CO.,

9;25-3mos. 499 Broadway, N. Y.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1867, to Wm. R. Newcomer, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

In Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The [illegible] of the churn [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] from [illegible] to [illegible] minutes. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4;1'66-tf.

SLATER ODENBAUGH,
DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Liquors and everything pertaining to a first class Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded. "Creigh's Old Stand," Waynesburg Pa. 5;22'66-1y.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. 1;1-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF WAYNESBURG.
DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.
D. Bonar, Pres't. J. C. Flenniken, Cashier.
May 16, '66-1y.

F. A. BALL,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.
AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,
2;8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

LEWIS DAY,
DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cottrell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4;1'67-1y.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,
RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,
OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,
The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6;26-tf.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,
SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,
(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)
Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.
☞ Repairing a speciality on short notice.
Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4;21-1y.

DENTISTRY.
I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "laughing gas" or other anæsthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FEE ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6;12-1f

MARBLE WORKS,
SUMMERSGILL & BRO.
(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)
The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of
MARBLE WORK!
Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms for short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5;8-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,
JUST OPENED BY
THOMAS BRADLEY.
Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.
Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.
Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office. 5;8'66-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,
MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.
ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING
PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,
AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.
Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
8;28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.
Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture
CARRIAGES
Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.
☞ All work warranted for one year. ☜
2;21'66-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.
SAYERS & RINEHART.
Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediately east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.
This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a well spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.
All orders promptly filled. 4;28'66-tf.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,
UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
☞ For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as
PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,
and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of
STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs,)
8;21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

E. A. TINKER, H. J. MAPEL.
TINKER & MAPEL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,
AT THE CATTLE YARDS,
WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.
☞ Shipping Mr. Tinker's Stock Scales.

Groceries &c.

NEW EXCITEMENT!
THE PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT
—OF—
H. RINEHART!
FOR SELLING CHEAP GROCERIES!
Having just returned from the city, he has opened the largest
NEW GROCERY!
in town. He desires to inform the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity of the care he has taken in selecting his stock, having on hand a good supply of
CONFECTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TAR, also, PROVISIONS, BACON DRIED BEEF, POTATOES, FISH, DRIED PEACHES, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Call and see him as he has been getting
A NEW SUPPLY!!
You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in
LEDWITH'S OLD BUILDING,
Opposite the Court House and formerly occupied by the Post Office. 4;18'66-tf.

RECONSTRUCTION!
NOT OF THE UNION,
BUT OF
ISAAC HOOPER'S
GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!
Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received
A FRESH SUPPLY
of the best quality of all articles in his line,
TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.
REFRESHMENTS.
In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where
ICE CREAM, BERRIES,
And all the luxuries of the season can be obtained.
The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 8;14'65-1y.

WILLIAM WALLACE,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!
We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for cash and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c.
Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 8;8-tf '67

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.
T. LUCAS & CO.
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6;5-tf.

LAZEAR, BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.
JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5;15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.
They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.
L. HUGHES & CO.,
4;10-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW
IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.
THOS. BRADEN & CO.,
(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)
Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a
HARDWARE STORE!
And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.
AGRICTLTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.
SADDLERY HARDWARE.
A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.
WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS,
Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.
All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by
CALLING SOON.
They will take pleasure in showing their stock, and will be found to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 8;8-tf

Dry Goods.

DRY GOODS
AT
WHOLESALE.
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.
NO. 54 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Now offer to dealers their
FALL STOCK,
AT
LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
9;11-3m.

SOMETHING NEW!
MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON
Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic
DRY GOODS,
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!
which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for
GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,
Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.
Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4;1,'67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!
OF
DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,
AT
EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.
COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
OF
EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!
Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.
Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.
4;24-3m. L. K. EVANS.

NEW STORE!
FRANK. M'GURGAN,
Has just opened a firt class
STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.
In the Store Room of George E. Minor, and nearly opposite the Farmers' & Drovers' National Bank,
WAYNESBURG, PA.
This stock is
ALL NEW AND FRESH!
He would respectfully invite the public to call and examine his large and fashionable stock. His taste and experience in selecting goods; his energy and determination to please the public has rendered him a
FIRST CLASS STORE!
His stock embraces a large assortment of
GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING!
of the most fashionable and durable qualities. Also, the finest quality of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS, HEAVY DRESS SILKS WITH WHITE EDGE,
and a full assortment of Fancy Figured Silks of all colors. Also, Empress Cloth, Poplins, Mozambiques, Wool Delains double widths, Silk Shawls, Ristori Shawls, Silk Sacques latest style, Parasols, Fancy Fans, English Ribbons and other ribbons of all colors and widths; Hats, wreaths and Flowers, Lace Handkerchiefs and Embroideries, and a full assortment of
TRIMMINGS IN GENERAL.
Also, Counter Panes, Lace Curtains, Piano Covers, Melodeon Covers, Side Table Covers, and in short a full stock of all goods usually kept in a first class Trimming Store.
Don't forget the place, in the NEW STORE, ROOM of Geo. E. Minor.
8;7-tf FRANK. M'GURGAN.

U. S. INTERNAL REV. NOTICE.

Select Reading.

THE Mississippians are aroused by the smell of repudiation. They scent it with indescribable pleasure. A paper down there makes this demonstration, as it noses the schemes of the Northern Democracy:

"Over fifty Democratic papers at the North are advocating repudiation of the public debt, first broached by the La Crosse *Democrat*. Oh! how we'uns in Mississippi long to get a roll at that ball! Just give us a chance! We are used to it; we know how to put it through right! If we don't give it a "winder" that will knock em all down, then there's nothing in practice and inclination."

"Just give them a chance," and they will teach the Northern Democracy "a thing or two" in regard to repudiation that they don't know now. Mississippi knows all about it. She's been there.

In the manuscript room of the British Museum, in London, there are some iron-bound boxes containing manuscript, which, by a legal proviso made by the donor, are to be opened January 1, 1900. The story of this gift is a little singular. They contain the manuscript of Francis Douce, who died in 1834. He was the author of the illustrations of Shakespeare, which, by every student of the great dramatist, is regarded as a text-book of high authority. When it first appeared, the critics assailed him with great fierceness, and being naturally of an irritable nature, he determined never to publish again. The legacy left to him by Nollekens, the sculptor rendered him independent of the emolument which he might have derived from his pen, and excepting an occasional article in some magazine, he published nothing after the review appeared which embittered his whole life.

STABBING AFFRAY AT UNIONTOWN.—An affray occurred at Uniontown, Fayette county, on Saturday night last, in which a young man named John Bunting was stabbed and dangerously wounded by a man named James Hutchinson. It appears that an old grudge has existed between Bunting and Hutchinson, and on the night stated, Hutchinson, while somewhat intoxicated, assaulted Bunting in front of the United States Hotel, in Uniontown stabbing him in the abdomen with a large knife. The wounded man was picked up and carried into Dr. Ewing's office, where his injuries was attended to. He was afterwards removed to his residence, where he is now lying. The wound is a dangerous one, and may probably prove fatal. Bunting and Hutchinson are both residents of Uniontown. The former is about twenty, and the latter about twenty three years of age.—*Pitts. Com*

A STRANGE STORY.—On the 20th of Sept last, a private in the Sixth United States cavalry who went by the name of Charles J. Sachow, died of yellow fever in New Orleans. It has since been ascertained that his name was assumed and that he was in reality the son of Count Von Maltke, a distinguished Prussian General and Chief of Staff to the king, Frederick William. It appears that the young man, while a student at a German University, became dissipated in his habits and was disowned by his family in consequence. He soon afterwards disappeared, and it has since been ascertained that he came to America. In 1863 he entered the military service and was appointed sergeant major of the First (loyal) Louisana cavalry, serving as such until honorably mustered out with his regiment. In September, 1866, he enlisted in the Sixth Cavalry.

It is now given out that the detectives of the Treasurer have satisfied themselves that the counterfeit seven-thirties were not made in Europe, as at first supposed, but probably in Philadelphia. They are very certain that they have got a clue to the parties who put out the notes, and possibly to those who made them. Three or four arrests have already been made and others are daily expected. There seems some doubt yet whether the plate was or was not electrotyped from the originals in the Printing Bureau. Over one thousand of the bogus issues have been put upon the market.

A LATE number of the Toledo *Blade* asserts, on what it claims as good authority, that Hon Ben. F. Wade, has no idea of retiring from public life. His friends will, next fall, present him as a candidate for Congressional Representative from the Nineteenth (Garfield's) District.

THE New York *Tribune* says now that the campaigns in Ohio and Pennsylvania are over, the Democrats wont recognize the President any more. That is always the way. When low-bred people get up in the world the first thing they do is to cut their vulgar relations.

A CORDUROY road was recently discovered eight feet below the surface of High Street in Georgetown, D. C., by some workmen who were digging a sewer. It is supposed to have been made by Braddock's army while on its way to Fort Duquesne.

AMONG articles exhibited at the Paris Exposition was a model in silver of a railway locomotive, with tender attached. The locomotive contains whisky, the tender hot water; sugar takes the place of coal upon the tender, and the poker is converted into a silver sugar tongs.

THE Swamp Angel, the famous relic of the great rebellion, is now lying at a Trenton (N. J.) machine shop, awaiting its turn to be broken up and fashioned into more peaceful and useful implements. A large number of people daily visit the factory to see this historic cannon.

A DEMOCRATIC caucus in eastern Pennsylvania demanded of the convention that it should run a soldier for a certain county office. The proposition was favorably received, but on inquiry no Democratic soldier could be found in the county.

General Mower testifies that he performed his duties faithfully and well, and that he was a favorite with his comrades. The facts concerning him have been communicated to Count Von Maltke. The public can take a lesson to treat things which some of them may heed with profit.

Bounty Fund.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP, IN RELATION TO BOUNTY TAX.

James A. Black, Committee of Monongahela township, on draft of March, 1864.

DR.	
To borrowed money	$2000 00
To subscription money	870 00
To recruiting fees	90 00
	$3380 00
CR.	
By amount paid out as per vouchers approved	3380 00
C. A. Mestrezat Committee of draft of Sept, 1864.	
DR.	
To amount received from F. & D. Bank	4200 00
To amount of subscription money paid him	3197 00
To order from School Directors—	
	$7397 00
CR.	
By amount paid out as per vouchers approved	7255 00

*Amount of above mentioned order from School Directors not entered in proper place on township book, but supposed to be enough to square the account.

James A. Black, Treasurer of Bounty Tax for 1864.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$7551 78
CR.	
By am't paid out as per vouchers approved	$7320 92
By am't, credited on his note against the township	30 86—7351 78
Amount of subscription money received by Andrew Dunlap, Esq., on draft of March 1865.	
DR.	
To amount of subscription	$3923 15
To subscription money received by him and not now subscription papers, as Esquire Dunlap admits	223 55
	$4147 00
CR.	
By am't paid C. A. Mestrezat	$3794 00
By am't paid W. H. McCoy	353 00—$4147 00
C. A. Mestrezat, Committee of draft of March 1865.	
DR.	
To amount of money received	$10581 35
CR.	
By amount paid out	10584 35
Dr. George P. Birch, Treasurer of Bounty Tax for the year 1865.	
DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$4270 02
To amount of subscription	53 76
Total	$4323 65
CR.	
By receipts from F. & D. Bank	$3700 00
By orders from I. R. Gray for substitute	300 00
By amount of Caleb Burwell, credited on his order for substitute	24 20
By amount of W. H. McCoy, credited on his order for substitute	31 18
By amount of I. T. Weltner, credit on his order for substitute	35 30
By Treasurer's per centage	21 61
By John Dunham, collector's per centage	80 65
	$4201 94
Ballance due Monongahela tp	121 71
	$4323 65

In the matter of the settlement of the account of William Clevenger, collector of bounty tax for 1866.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate as specified in the bond of said collector dated May 14, '66	$8000 00
CR.	
By amount that Wm. Mestrezat, Treasurer of the bounty tax, admits that Cleavenger paid to him as per vouchers (not produced), in Cleavenger's hands	1290 00

The auditors have reason to believe that W. Cleavenger also paid to the F. & D. Bank of Waynesburg, about eight hundred and fifty dollars, but have had no vouchers produced before them.

The undersigned, auditors of Monongahela tp., certify the above statements to be correct according to vouchers, &c., placed before them.
WILLIAM BOUGHNER,
JOSEPHUS HARTLEY,
9;18-3t Auditors.

Decedents' Estates.

LEGAL NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Daniel Owens, late of Waynesburg, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given, to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
9;18-6t Administrator.

LEGAL NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Elijah Church, late of Center township, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
9;18-6t Administrator.

NOTICE!
Notice is hereby given that the Book accounts, &c., of Minor & Co. have been left with Simon Rinehart, Justice of the Peace, in Waynesburg, for IMMEDIATE collection. All claims not paid by the 1st of OCTOBER next, will be collected with cost.
H. CLAY MINOR,
Administrator of Philip Minor, dec'd.
9;18-tw

LEGAL NOTICE.
Letters testamentary upon the estate of John Fisher, of Richhill township, Greene county Pa., having been granted to the undersigne notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOSHUA ACKLEY, Executor.
9;4-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Susannah Beeler, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims upon said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
P. A. KNOX,
9;25-6w Waynesburg, Pa. Adm'r.

BUSINESS MAN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Nos. 6 AND 8 ST. CLAIR STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
This institution has been in operation for a number of years, and is conducted successfully by an able corps of teachers, whose object is to make each pupil understand thoroughly every branch of a
BUSINESS EDUCATION,
to prepare them for
BUSINESS MEN!

Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, (time unlimited)	$40.00
Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic 3 months	30 00
Business and Ornamental Penmanship per month	10 00
Common English Branches per month	10 00
Algebra, Phonography and Business Correspondence according to agreement.	

All our specimens are executed with a pen.
A full course can be completed in eight weeks.
For circular or specimens, address
☞ 3m.ox. N. SHAFFER.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.
The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Cabinetmakers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Prices $4 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint, address
☞ 6m. 24 Pearl Street, New York.

Miscellaneous.

COLONEL FORNEY'S
LETTERS FROM EUROPE.
LETTERS FROM EUROPE,
BY JOHN W. FORNEY,
EDITOR OF THE "PHILADELPHIA PRESS" AND "WASHINGTON CHRONICLE," AND SECRETARY OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.
Since the commencement of the publication of Colonel Forney's letters from Europe in THE PHILADELPHIA DAILY and WEEKLY PRESS, the publisher of those papers has been in the receipt of innumerable inquiries from those who wished to know if the correspondence would not appear in book form. In accordance with their requests, we will now state that these letters, carefully revised and re-written, with important additions, are now in press, and will shortly be given to the world, in a large duodecimo volume of 500 pages, by the publishing house of T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, who are sparing no expense to make of it a book which shall combine every feature of typographical excellence characteristic of the best publications of this firm. It will contain an excellent steel portrait of the author, engraved in the finest style of the art, by one of the best artists in the country, and it will be in every respect a work acceptable to the numerous friends of Colonel Forney. The correspondence gives the author's impressions of various countries which he visited during an European tour of several months, with observation upon society, politics, amusements, manufactures, educational and religious institutions, in England, France, Switzerland, Germany, Belgium, and Holland. The variety of these letters may be judged from the fact that they were written from London, Liverpool, Oxford, Windsor, Halifax, Stratford-upon-Avon, Chester, Paris, Berne, Lake Leman, Baden Baden, Heidelberg, Wiesbaden, On the Rhine, Coblentz, Brussels, Antwerp, the Hague, and various other places on the Continent of Europe.
The work will be published in one large duodecimo volume of over 500 pages, printed on the finest paper, and handsomely bound in cloth. Price, Two Dollars.
Booksellers, news agents, canvassers, and all others, are solicited to order at once what they may want of the above book, so that their orders can be filled out for the first edition. Address all orders, wholesale and retail, to the publishers of it.
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
And they will receive immediate attention.
Sample copies of "Colonel Forney's Letters from Europe" will be sent to any one in any place, in advance of one day of publication, postage paid, on receipt of the retail price of the work.
WANTED—AGENTS and CANVASSERS are wanted in every county, town, and village in the United States and Canada, to engage in getting up a list of subscribers to the above work.
10;8-tf.

IMPORTANT TO
BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!
WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.
It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to
RECEIVE ORDERS!
AND
MAKE CONTRACTS!
The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Pannelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for
ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!
They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.
They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to
GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!
All orders promptly attended to,
BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS.
8;11-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

$3,00 TO $5,00 PER DAY.
AGENTS WANTED
FOR THE
GOLDEN PEN.
A BETTER PEN THAN GILLOT'S PEN.
These pens sell rapidly wherever introduced, to all classes of people. Are fully equal to the gold pen for ease and beauty of writing. More flexible and durable than any steel pen ever manufactured. Will not corrode. Send for sample box. Only 35 cents, or two boxes for 50 cents. No. 1 for general use. No. 2 for Ladies, Schools and choice Penmanship. Sent free of postage. Money refunded if they do not give satisfaction. Address M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

The following is a sample of hundreds of letters from parties who have ordered these pens.
POTTSTOWN, PA., July 15th, 1867.
M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.
DEAR SIR:—The box of No. 1 pens ordered by me some ten days since has arrived, and I am so much pleased with them that I have concluded to take an Agency for their sale, so far, at least, as to order three gross No. 1 and one gross No. 2, for which I enclose your price to Agents. Address REV. S. SIEGFRIED,
Of REPUBLICAN.
Warranted to last five times as long, and give better satisfaction than any steel pen manufactured. Send for circular of testimonials from Professors of Schools and Colleges, and from prominent business houses. M. V. C, 8;28-3m.

A NEW DISCOVERY—SOMETHING USEFUL FOR EVERY FAMILY.
Gehr's Excelsior Liquid Cement, will positively mend Dishes, Crocks, Glass, &c., in ONE MINUTE, and make them strong as ever. It stands warm water and all ordinary use; and will break anywhere as easily as at the joint. I will send a family right to make it for 50c, or, a bottle for the same. Druggists keep the ingredients; only two articles mixed. Agents do well by making and selling it. Address,
J. B. GEHR,
Oct. 2-3t Shiremantown, Penn'a.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
The firm of S. A. FOUTZ & BRO., is this day dissolved (August 1st, 1867,) by mutual consent. S. A. Foutz retiring, D. E. FOUTZ is hereby authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and will continue the business in his own name.
S. A. FOUTZ,
DAVID E. FOUTZ.
I will continue in the WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE BUSINESS MANUFACTURING FOUTZ'S MEDICINES, at the old place, No. 116 Franklin street, under the name and style of DAVID E. FOUTZ,
9;25-2t Baltimore, Md.

I. O. OF O. F.
HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 359.
Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Thursday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.
WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.
Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week. dh.

E. M. SAYERS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to him. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

Drugs, &c.

THE RUSH IS NOW AT
SLATER ODENBAUGH'S
DRUG STORE!
He respectfully informs the citizens and physicians generally, that he has received the largest and finest stock of
DRUGS AND MEDICINES
ever offered in this market, which he will
SELL CHEAPER
than can be purchased anywhere else in the county.
PAINTS OF ALL KINDS!
Dry and in oil, of the very best quality, cheaper than the cheapest.
DYE STUFFS,
of the very finest selection.
OLD LIQUORS!
of all kinds, the finest that can be procured in the state. The
UNYIELDING LUNG SYRUP!
A remedy unsurpassed for the cure of bleeding of the lungs, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and chest. Will change the frail yellow complexion to one of health, and will cure dyspepsia. This syrup is one of the most useful medicines of the day. This is a late medicine and we do not know of it failing in a single case—try it.
Also, all other prominent patent medicines always on hand. Together with the Cough Exterminator, the best in use for diseases of the throat, coughs, &c.
Also, a syrup the only remedy for hooping cough, all for sale at S. Odenbaugh's Drug Store. 6;26-tf.

DAVID E. FOUTZ,
SUCCESSOR TO FOUTZ & BRO.
FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.
It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent, and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.
Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.
AT THEIR
WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.
For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.
G. W. Roberts & Co., Agents, Waynesburg, Pa.
11;21, '66-1y

Special Notices.

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!
Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents.
It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.
We warrant it to cure Scrofula Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.
It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.
It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes for the same price than any other Ointment.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Howland, Proprietors, 121 Liberty Street, New York.

SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.
☞ Helmbold's Extract Buchu and improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. 2;30-ow-1y.

☞ Shattered Constitutions Restored by Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 8;13,'67-eowly.

☞ Helmbold's Extract Buchu gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pale cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue. 8;13,'67-eowly.